



UNIVERSITY OF MINES AND TECHNOLOGY, TARKWA

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019

COURSE NO: RN 274

COURSE NAME: ELECTROCHEMICAL POWER SOURCES

CLASS: RN II

TIME: 3 HOURS

Name: _____ Index Number: _____

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **only three** questions.
- All questions carry equal marks
- Answer all questions in your answer booklet
- Use a value of $F = 96500$ C for Faradays Constant, $R = 8.314$ J/mol. K for gas constant.
- Begin each answer on a **FRESH PAGE**.

QUESTION 1

[20 marks]

- Briefly explain four technical considerations as a renewable energy engineer, you will take into account when selecting a particular electrical energy storage system for an energy generation system. (4 marks)
- State and explain the advantages supercapacitors have over batteries. (3 marks)
- A direct methanol fuel cell uses methanol as fuel with an alkaline electrolyte. Using data provided in Table 1, Determine
 - $\Delta h_{rxn}^{\circ}, \Delta S_{rxn}^{\circ}, \Delta G_{rxn}^{\circ}$ (6 marks)
 - Standard reversible voltage (2 marks)

Table 1

Chemical Species	$\Delta h_f^{\circ} (kJ/mol)$	$\Delta S_f^{\circ} (J/mol.K)$
CH ₃ OH	-200.95	239.83
O ₂	-2.5	205.14
CO ₂	-393.51	213.8
H ₂ O (liq)	-285.83	69.95

- What exactly happens during electrolysis of water, support your answer with the oxidation and reduction as well as overall cell reduction indicating. (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO**[20 marks]**

- a) Briefly explain how a solar power installation system is successfully integrated with a hydrogen fuel cell using a case study of the installation at the Renewable Energy Engineering Department, UMaT Tarkwa. **(3 marks)**
- b) Calculate the change of reversible voltage at STP for H₂-O₂ fuel cell operating at a cell temperature of 25.15°C if air is used instead of pure O₂. Take $E^o = 1.229V$, $\rho_{H_2} = 3 \text{ bar}$, $\rho_{air} = 5 \text{ bar}$, $a_{H_2O} = 1$ and the composition of oxygen in air to be 21 %. **(6 marks)**
- c) With the aid of a diagram and reaction half and overall reaction equations, briefly describe how a hydrogen fuel cell works? **(7 marks)**
- d) An institution purchased lead acid batteries and stored it in a confined area for three years. When the batteries were finally installed It was discovered that, the batteries discharge within a shorter period after charging contrary to the manufacturer's specification. Within a few months of usage, the batteries conditions got worse and discharged within a much shorter period. Briefly explain what caused this phenomenon to occur. **(4 marks)**

QUESTION THREE**[20 marks]**

- a) State four grid services Electrical Energy Systems can be employed to do. **(2 marks)**
- b) i) write half-cell and full reaction for direct methanol fuel cell in alkali medium. **(3 marks)**
- ii) Determine the standard reversible voltage if Δg^o values are **(3 marks)**
- CH₃OH = -174 kJ/Mol
CO₂ = -394 kJ/Mol
H₂O = -237 kJ/Mol
O₂ = - 205J/Mol
- c) briefly state and explain four causes of voltage drops in a fuel cell **(4 marks)**
- d) State four principal advantages of ECSCs as compared to batteries **(4 marks)**
- e) With the aid of a diagram briefly explained the reasons why you will prefer a fuel cell operating at high temperature than those operating at low temperature ranges. **(4 marks)**

QUESTION FOUR**[20 marks]**

- a) Briefly explain the following terminologies as used in batteries **(5 marks)**
- i) C rates
ii) Depth of Discharge

- iii) Open-circuit voltage
 - iv) Capacity
 - v) Float voltage
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- b) Indicate the anodic and cathodic half reactions for the charging and discharge of a lead acid battery utilising H_2SO_4 as an electrolyte. **(4 marks)**
 - c) State four advantages of fuel cells. **(4 marks)**
 - d) What role does the environmental pressure play in the generation of hydrogen? **(2 marks)**
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- e) i) State the chemical half reactions in the anode and cathode of an alkaline fuel cell **(2 marks)**
 - iii) State three advantages of alkaline fuel cell **(3 marks)**

Examiner: Mr I. Osei/ Mr D. Yellezuome